2012 - Energy Statistics Database

Country notes

Australia [36]: excludes the overseas territories.

Cambodia [116]: formerly Democratic Kampuchea.

Canada [124]: use of Coke oven gas and Blast furnace gas in autoproducer electricity plants is confidential (2009-2012) and as such it is included with consumption by industry.

China [156]: data exclude Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China (China, Hong Kong SAR), Macao Special Administrative Region of China (China, Macao SAR) and Taiwan Province of China. Data for Other kerosene include Kerosene-type jet fuel.

China, Hong Kong SAR [344]: Pursuant to a Joint Declaration signed on 19 December 1984, the United Kingdom restored Hong Kong to the People's Republic of China with effect from 1 July 1997; the People's Republic of China resumed the exercise of sovereignty over the territory with effect from that date. From 2001, data on Kerosene-type jet fuel include Aviation gasoline and Other kerosene.

China, Macao SAR [446]: Pursuant to the joint declaration signed on 13 April 1987, Portugal restored Macao to the People's Republic of China with effect from 20 December 1999; the People's Republic of China resumed the exercise of sovereignty over the territory with effect from that date. For confidentiality reasons, data on solid fuels, Petroleum coke and Other oil products n.e.c. (2005-2012); data on Kerosene-type jet fuel (2002-2012); stock changes of Other kerosene (2008-2012); some or all consumption flows of Other kerosene, Gas oil/diesel oil, Fuel oil and Liquefied petroleum gases (2007-2012); exports of Lubricants and Paraffin waxes (2005-2012); exports of Bitumen (2008-2012); imports of Paraffin waxes (2006-2007); exports of Charcoal (2008-2012); and data on Fuelwood (2010-2012) are not available.

. Czechoslovakia [200]: prior to 1 January 1993, refers to the former Czechoslovakia composed of the Czech Republic and Slovakia.

Dem. Rep. of Congo [180]: prior to May 1997, refers to Zaire.

Denmark [208]: excludes Greenland and the Faeroe Islands.

Dominican Republic [214]: there is a break in the series of Other kerosene and Kerosenetype jet fuel in 1990 due to a change in data source.

Ethiopia [up to 1993] [230]: includes Eritrea.

Ethiopia [from 1993] [231]: excludes Eritrea.

France [251]: excludes the following departments and territories: Guadeloupe, French Guiana, Martinique, New Caledonia, French Polynesia, Réunion, and St. Pierre and Miquelon. It includes Monaco.

Germany [276]: Through the accession of the German Democratic Republic to the Federal Republic of Germany with effect from 3 October 1990, the two German States have united to form one sovereign State. As from the date of unification, the Federal Republic of Germany acts in the United Nations under the designation "Germany" [276]. All data shown which pertain to Germany prior to 3 October 1990 are indicated separately for the Federal Republic of Germany [280] and the former German Democratic Republic [278] based on their respective territories at the time indicated.

Federal Republic of Germany [280]: contains data until 1990.

The former German Democratic Republic [278]: contains data until 1990.

Greenland [304]: Data for Kerosene-type jet fuel include Other kerosene.

Indonesia [360]: includes Timor-Leste until 2001.

Italy [382]: includes San Marino and the Holy See.

Japan [392]: includes Okinawa.

Kuwait [414]: The data for Conventional crude oil production include 50 per cent of the output of the Neutral Zone.

Madagascar [450]: Data for Bitumen include Petroleum coke.

Malaysia [458]: comprises Peninsular Malaysia, Sabah and Sarawak.

Myanmar [104]: formerly Burma.

Netherlands [528]: excludes Suriname and the Netherlands Antilles. Data for Petroleum coke for 2006-2007 and biogasoline for 2010-2012 are confidential.

Netherlands Antilles and Aruba [532]: comprises Bonaire, Curação, Saba, St. Eustatius, the Dutch part of St. Martin and Aruba.

Netherlands Antilles [530]: comprises Bonaire, Curaçao, Saba, St. Eustatius, the Dutch part of St. Martin. Starting in 1986, Aruba is no longer included in data for the Netherlands Antilles. A new country code has been created to reflect this change. This country was dissolved on 10 October 2010. Since detailed energy information is not yet available for its constituent parts,

2010 to 2012 data refer to the former territory of the Netherlands Antilles as it was known prior to 10 October 2010.

Norway [579]: includes Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

Pacific Islands [582]: (until 1991) comprise Federated States of Micronesia, Marshall Islands, Northern Mariana Islands and Palau.

Panama [591]: includes the former Panama Canal Zone.

Portugal [620]: includes the Azores and Madeira.

Saudi Arabia [682]: data for Conventional crude oil production include 50 per cent of the output of the Neutral Zone.

Serbia [688]: data exclude Kosovo.

Spain [724]: includes the Canary Islands.

Switzerland [757]: includes Liechtenstein for the oil data. Data for other fuels do not include Liechtenstein.

Ukraine [804]: For confidentiality reasons, the production of the following products is not available: Brown coal (2007-2012; included with the production of Peat for these years); Patent fuel (included with Peat products for the years 2002-2012); Other kerosene and Petroleum coke (included with Other oil products n.e.c. for the years 2002-2012); Aviation gasoline and Kerosene-type jet fuel (2009-2012), White spirit and special boiling point industrial spirits (2006 and 2008-2012), and Paraffin waxes (2009). For the same reasons, all 2011 and 2012 data for the following products are not available (where applicable, included with other products as described for the production data): Brown coal, Patent fuel, Aviation gasoline, White spirit and special boiling point industrial spirits, Paraffin waxes and Petroleum coke.

United Arab Emirates [784]: comprises the seven emirates of the former Trucial Oman, namely: Abu Dhabi, Ajman, Dubai, Fujairah, Ras al-Khaimah, Sharjah and Umm al-Qaiwain.

United States [840]: includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Oil statistics as well as coal trade statistics also include Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Johnston Atoll, Midway Islands, Wake Island and the Northern Mariana Islands.

United Kingdom [826]: Shipments of coal and oil to the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man from the United Kingdom are not classed as exports. Supplies of coal and oil to these islands are, therefore, included as part of UK supply. Exports of natural gas to the Isle of Man are included with the exports to Ireland.

Yemen: On 22 May 1990 Democratic Yemen and Yemen merged to form a single State. Since that date they have been represented as one Member with the name 'Yemen'. Where data for united Yemen (subsequent to 22 May 1990) are not available, they are shown separately and pertain to the territorial boundaries prior to 22 May 1990.

Yugoslavia [890]: Data refer to the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia until 1991.

Time Period

The period to which the data refer is the calendar year, with the exception of the data of the following countries which refer to the fiscal year:

Afghanistan and Iran (Islamic Rep. of) - beginning 21 March of the year stated;

Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Egypt (for the latter two, electricity only), Nepal - ending June of the year stated;

Pakistan - starting July of the year stated

India, Myanmar - beginning April of the year stated.

New Zealand – for Electricity, Heat, Biofuels and waste, beginning April of the year stated, until 1993 only.

Data Notes

Data on the production of Uranium are based on country submissions and Table 1.21 of the OECD and IAEA publication Uranium 2014: Resources, Production and Demand, OECD Publishing, available at http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/uranium-2014-en.

General disclaimer:

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